Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(a)	 idea that {body / core / eq} temperature drops after death; 		
	(rate / extent) of temperature drop depends on {ambient / eq} temperature;	2 IGNORE body temperature drops to ambient temperature ACCEPT idea that if body temperature has already reached ambient temperature there will be no further fall	
	idea that ambient temperature {fluctuates (over time) / does not stay constant};		
	 idea that the sooner after death the more accurate the (estimate of) time of death; 		
			(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1 (b)(i)	1. correct values read from graph (37.5 & 36.27);	Correct answer only scores 2 marks	
	2. (correct subtraction) = 1.23(°C);	2 IGNORE + or – signs ACCEPT ECF for 36.26 to 36.28	
		e.g. 36.28 = 1.22(°C)	(2)

Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(b)(ii)	 idea that calculations of time of death are based on {average body temperature / 37° C}; 		
	2. body temperature at time of death will depend on time of day $\ /\ \mbox{eq}\ ;$		
	idea that therefore the calculated value for time of death may not be accurate;	3 ACCEPT therefore the estimate will have to be a range of times ACCEPT take into account 1.23°C range	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
*1(c)	(QWC – Spelling of technical terms must be correct and the answer must be organised in a logical sequence)	Emphasis is on clarity of expression	
	idea of using {a range / at least five} temperatures;	1 ACCEPT a min of -10°C and a	
	description of temperature control e.g. water bath, incubator;	max of 50°C	
	3. idea that timing starts when eggs hatch into first instar maggots;		
	4. and ends when the (third instar) maggots begin to pupate / eq;	5 ACCEPT minimum of 3 eggs / maggots	
	5. idea that several {eggs / maggots} should be used at each temperature ;	/ maggots	
	6. idea of providing food for maggots ;	7 IGNORE light, pH, amount of food, oxygen	
	7. reference to appropriate controlled variable e.g. humidity. mass of food, species ;	.cca, c.ryge	
	8. reference to plotting data on a graph of temp against time (for first instar to become a pupa);		(5)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2 (a)	 reference to increase in {metabolic rate / enzyme activity / eq} as temperature rises; 	1. Accep converse argument for mp 1 – 3	
	 reference to increase in {kinetic / eq} energy of molecules (as temperature rises) / eq; 	2. Acce movement	
	 reference to increase in {enzyme- substrate complexes / energy of collisions / eq} (as temperature rises); 		
	 idea of {inactivation at lower temperatures/ denaturation at higher temperatures} of enzymes; 	4.Accept the idea that enzyme-substrate complexes cannot be made if denaturing	
	5. idea that temperature affects {differentiation / growth /division / eq};		(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2 (b)	 idea that temperature affects {survival / development / growth / metabolism / cell division / eq}; 		
	 idea that enzymes affect {development / growth / metabolism / cell division/ eq}; 		
	3. idea that temperature affects enzymes;		
	4. idea that different frogs have different enzymes ;		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2 (c)	sylvatica, pipiens, palustris, clamitans;;	if order correct but reversed = 1 mark	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2 (d)	 idea that different species are reproductively isolated; 		
	idea of different breeding {times / seasons / eq};		
	 idea of different {breeding / courtship / eq} {behaviour / rituals / displays / colour / songs / croaks / eq}; 	3. Acce idea of incompatible { genitalia / gametes}	
	4. idea that population at {northerly / southerly} limit of range may not develop (to adulthood);		
	 idea that breeding between different species results in infertile offspring; 		(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2 (e)	idea that global warming will increase the temperature (at the latitudes);		
	 idea that temperatures (at these latitudes) may become too high for any of the species; 	2.Accept become extinct	
	 idea that new temperature may be above the maximum to complete development or above the upper lethal limit; 		
	 idea that species move { north / to cooler regions / eq}; 		
	ref to change in {food source / predators / competition / eq};		(3)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
3 (a)		
	 more {muscle contraction / respiration} / eq; 	
	2. idea that heat energy released;	
	3. idea that more heat produced than lost;	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3(b)	 ref to {detection of temperature change / temperature receptors}; 	
	2. reference hypothalamus ;	
	3. more sweating / eq;	
	4. loss of heat due to evaporation (of water) / eq;	
	5. vasodilation (of arterioles) / eq;	
	6. loss of radiant heat / eq;	
	7. heat gained equal heat lost / eq;	
	8. reference negative feedback;	
	9. behavioural heat loss mechanism described / eq ;	(5)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3 (c)	idea of dehydration;	
	2. no longer sweating / eq ;	
	3. cooling mechanisms failing / eq;	
	4. heat production greater than heat loss / eq;	
	5. increase of pace / eq;	(2)